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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/021,422	12/19/2001	Marcus Delgado	BS00-316	3282
38823 7	7590 01/13/2006		EXAMINER	
THOMAS, KAYDEN, HORSTEMEYER & RISLEY, LLP/			ABDI, KAMBIZ	
BELLSOUTH I.P. CORP 100 GALLERIA PARKWAY		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 1750 ATLANTA, GA 30339			3621	
			DATE MAILED: 01/13/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Decision	10/021,422	DELGADO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kambiz Abdi	3621			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	/ IS SET TO EVEIDE 2 MONTH	(S) OR THIRTY (20) DAVE			
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting 17 apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133)			
Status		·			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 No	ovember 2005	:			
<u> </u>	action is non-final.				
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closed in accordance with the practice under E					
		33 3.3.213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-20 and 39-52 is/are pending in the a	application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 39-52</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers		<u>:</u>			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	nriority under 35 H S C & 410/a) (d) or (f)			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 55 0.5.0. § 119(a)-(u) or (i).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		ion No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori					
application from the International Bureau		od in tino reational otago			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ed.			
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Attachment(s)	_				
) U Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F	Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	; ;			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The prior office actions are incorporated herein by reference. In particular, the observations with respect to claim language, and response to previously presented arguments.

- Claims 1 and 40 are amended.
- No claim has been canceled.
- No claim has been added
- 2. Examiner withdraws rejection of claims 40 under 35 U.S.C 112 2nd paragraphs due to amendments by the applicant.
- 3. Examiner withdraws rejection of claims 40 under 35 U.S.C 101 due to amendments by the applicant to claim 1.
- 4. Claims 1-20 and 39-52 have been examined and are pending.

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments filed 2 November 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the following reasons:
- 2. In response to applicant argument regarding rejection of Claims 1 and 39 under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by Munson;
- 3. The examiner believes that the argument that the applicant has put forward on regards to claim 1 is not persuasive to over come the prior art of record. The reasoning behind the argument by the applicant is that the prior art does not teach or fairly suggest the step of "responding to the request by sending one of an approval and a rejection; responsive to an approval being sent to the requestor..." It should be brought to the attention of the applicant that the step of "sending one of an approval and a rejection;" is not very clear as to once an approval has been sent no need of sending of a rejection"?! However, it is clear by this language in the claims that certain agreement based on a back an forth transaction has to transpire before the agreement is ratified by both parties to take effect. Customary this has been called negotiations (Appendix A & B page B-3) and it clearly discloses that there are responses

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to the RFP's. Also, one skilled in the art knows that any negotiation or agreement does conclude in one of approval or rejection of the proposed action or offer as it has been clearly disclosed by the prior art as to the response to the request for the proposal (RFP) of sponsorship is concerned within the system.

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- 4. As per argument put forward by the applicant in regards to the monitoring or analysis of actual content use, the prior art does disclose ability to upload specific banner and advertisements can be provided (Appendix A & B page B-6). Also, as to the name of the contact person it is clearly disclosed by the prior art that information of the requestor and all the information needed to contact or identify the requestor is collected (figures 3-4, Appendix A & B page 6 "registration"). Also it is clearly stated that "How did you hear about SpnosorWise?", which clear is indication the request for information of how one has been directed to the site.
- 5. Therefore, the examiner maintains the previous rejection of the claimed invention as they have been currently presented in their existing form.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (e) being anticipated by U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0091767 A1 to Michael J. Munson.
- 7. As per claims 1 and 39, Munson Clearly teaches a method for managing sponsorships comprising the steps of:

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receiving, at a computer network site, a request for sponsorship from a requestor (See Munson figures 2-8 and 49-50 and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and paragraphs [0024]-0046]);

responding to the request by sending one of an approval and a rejection (See Munson figures 2-8 and 49-50 and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and paragraphs [0024]-0046] and appendix A pages 12, 14 and 16);

if an approval is sent, further requiring the requestor to accept an agreement; receiving the requestor's acceptance of the agreement; and

providing the requestor with access to content through the site (See Munson figures 2-8 and 49-50 and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and paragraphs [0024]-0046] and appendix A pages 12, 14 and 16).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 5, 9, 11-12, 15-16, and 28-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Publication No. 2002/0091767 A1 to Michael J. Munson.
- 10. As per claims 2-10, 13, and 49-50, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 1, further, Munso teaches.

The sponsor monitoring of the use of the content that the user has access to and inspecting such use of the content based on the agreements that have been reach between the sponsor and the user (See Munso paragraphs [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20).

What is not clear and explicit in the Munson reference is the multiple requests and archiving of such use of logo, taglines, trademark, or any other copy righted material.

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However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the current invention was made to inspect ones material that has certain rights associated with it to be inspected by the actual owner of item in use to be inspected in the new context before it is released to the use of the

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over the accessed material.

11. As per claims 11, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 3, wherein the communication is an electronic communication comprising one of a computer network page, a message posted on a computer network page, and an e-mail message (See Munson paragraphs [0003]-[0007]).

secondary use under the agreed upon terms and condition for the motivation of higher level of control

12. As per claims 12, 17, 41, 43 and 51, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 3, further, Munson is not clear or explicit on the step of determining comprises analyzing the sample use with image recognition software (See Munso paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20). However, it is customary to inspect the material that would be presented at the event that would be carrying any logo, trademark, or copyrighted material of the sponsor to be inspected to fulfill terms and conditions spelled out in the contractual agreements. Such would be an example of Sun Micro system sponsorship of an event surrounding Linux operating system, as it is clear by the guidelines specified by Sun Microsystems corporation in the contract under which the Sun logo, Staroffice logo or any other copyrighted related material in use by the event organizers, has to confirm to the stated standards of use. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the current invention was made to automate the inspection of such use in visual mediums. Such as using image inspection software to inspect used of an item within a visual display for the motivation of efficiency and speed. Additionally, it would be an essential part of evaluation to check with a list of approved requesters or a list of requesters that are not eligible to request sponsorship to make sure of certain qualification of requesters as to what prescribed donation limits are available or fits the requesters.

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- 13. As per claims 14, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 1, further Munson teaches the request includes one or more of a name of the requestor, an address of the requestor, a telephone number of the requestor, a description of an event for which a sponsorship is sought, a date and duration of the event, an e-mail address of the requestor, a requested donation amount, a name of a contact person who directed the requestor to the site, and a password for accessing secured pages of the site (See Munso figures 1-7, and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20).
- 14. As per claims 15 and 45, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 14, further Munson teaches the step of responding comprises the steps of:

releasing a payment to the requestor for the requested donation amount; and activating the password (See Munso figures 1-7, and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20).

15. As per claims 16, 44, 46 and 47, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 1, further; Munson teaches the step of responding comprises the steps of:

receiving a payment from the requestor; and

activating the password (See Munso figures 1-7, and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20).

the password is at least one of a number of a paper check and a code of an electronic payment.

Munson is not clear or explicit on the password being furnished to the user via a check number of payment or code of an electronic payment. However, it would be an obvious modification to forward a user id to the user which has been granted access to the site and the content via postal or any other means such as email or attaching such code to a value bearing item of interest such as bank check or payment instrument such as standard practice of banks forward PIN numbers via mail to a user to be used to access secure web sites.

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- 16. As per claims 18 and 42, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 1, further; Munson teaches the request is one of an e-mail message and an online form completed on the site (See Munso figures 1-13, and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20).
- 17. As per claims 19 and 20, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 2, further; Munson teaches the step of monitoring comprises tracking, which content is accessed by the requestor (See Munso figures 1-13, and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A page 6 and 20). What is not clear and explicit by Munson is the method of monitoring of the access to the data items available to the logo, trademark, and copy righted material by the users. However, it is a well known practice in the art to track and authorize the people accessing a database of items that can be copied and used based on their level of authorization as well as any other possible metering one wants to use. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the current invention was made to control access and use a monitoring protocol over certain or the entire data within a database by specific users or groups based on their user id, passwords, or IP address or any other criteria for the motivation of abiding by usage contracts or any other legal or professional obligation.
- 18. As per claims 40, and 48, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 39, , further; Munson teaches determining an origin of the request from the name of the contact person, step of providing the requestor with access comprises requiring the requestor to indicate, through the site, acceptance of terms and conditions for the use of the protected content (See Munso figures 1-7, and paragraphs [0003]-[0007] and [0024]-[0046] and appendix A).
- 19. As per claims 52, Munson clearly teaches all the limitations of claim 50, further; Munson is not clear or explicit on the step of determining whether the sample use complies comprises manually inspecting the sample use. However, it would be an obvious step to inspect the controlled use of the copy righted materials, logos, trademarks or any other intellectual property in use by a third party within their

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promotional material of their events that is sponsored by the holder of the rights so it would comply with the rules and terms that has been agreed upon by the parties.

20. Examiner has pointed out particular references contained in the prior arts of record in the body of this action for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the response, to consider fully the entire references as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior arts or disclosed by the examiner.

Conclusion

- 1. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.
- 3. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Kambiz Abdi** whose telephone number is **(571)** 272-6702. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:30am-5:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, **James Trammell** can be reached at **(571)** 272-6712.

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4. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see

http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair.

Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

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or faxed to:

(571) 273-8300 [Official communications; including After Final communications labeled "Box AF"]

(571) 273-6702 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to the Examiner in the

Knox Building, 50 Dulany St. Alexandria, VA.

Kambiz Abdi

Primary Examiner

January 9, 2006